Concentra®

Residential Mortgage Disclosure

June 30, 2018





June 30, 2018 Residential Mortgage Disclosure

In accordance with the Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions Canada (OSFI) Guideline B20 – Residential Mortgage Underwriting Practices and Procedures issued June 2012, additional disclosure is provided regarding the company's residential mortgage exposure.

The company is limited to providing residential real estate loans of no more than 80% of the collateral value. Lending at a higher loan-to-value (LTV) is permitted but requires default insurance. This insurance is contractual coverage of the eligible facilities that protects the company's real estate secured lending portfolio against potential losses caused by borrower default. It is provided by either government backed entities or other approved private mortgage insurers.

On an annual basis the company performs a stress test to determine the impact of a significant decline in house prices on the residential mortgage portfolio. Due to the high percentage of insured residential mortgages held on the balance sheet and the increase in house prices since initial underwriting, there is very little impact to the company's capital position from this stress event.

Residential mortgages and home equity lines of credit (insured vs. uninsured)

The following table presents amounts of insured and uninsured residential mortgages and home equity lines of credit (HELOCs), by geographic regions.

(Thousands of Canadian dollars, except percentage amounts)

June 30, 2018

						Juine 50	,					
	Residential Mortgages				HELOCs				Total			
	Insured (1))	Uninsured		Insu	red ⁽¹⁾	Unins	sured	Insured (1))	Uninsured	
	\$	%	\$	%	\$	%	\$	%	\$	%	\$	%
Province ⁽²⁾												
Atlantic	322,397	6.63	13,625	0.92	-	-	-	-	322,397	6.63	13,625	0.92
Quebec	4,860	0.10	359	0.02	-	-	-	-	4,860	0.10	359	0.02
Ontario	2,051,070	42.15	1,096,680	74.13	-	-	-	-	2,051,070	42.15	1,096,680	74.05
Prairies & Territories	1,807,460	37.14	210,056	14.20	-	-	1,175	70.70	1,807,460	37.14	211,231	14.26
British Columbia	680,550	13.98	158,721	10.73	831	100.00	487	29.30	681,381	13.98	159,208	10.75
Total	4,866,337	100	1,479,441	100	831	100	1,662	100	4,867,168	100	1,481,103	100

⁽¹⁾ Default insurance is contractual coverage of eligible facilities whereby the company's exposure to real estate secured lending is protected against potential shortfalls caused by borrower default. This insurance is provided by either government backed or other private mortgage default insurers.





⁽²⁾ The province represents the location of the property in Canada. There are no foreign operations.

Residential mortgages portfolio by amortization period

The following table provides a summary of the company's residential mortgages by remaining amortization period based on the contractual terms of the mortgage agreement. The table below does not reflect the additional payments which may be made during the term of the mortgage.

(Thousands of Canadian dollars, except percentage amounts)

	June 3	June 30, 2018			
	7	Total ⁽¹⁾			
	\$	%			
Amortization period					
≤25 years	4,842,486	76.28			
>25 years ≤30 years	1,436,140	22.62			
>30 years ≤35 years	69,645	1.10			
>35 years ≤40 years	-	=			
>40 years	-	-			
Total	6,348,271	100			

⁽¹⁾ There are no foreign operations.

Uninsured average loan-to-value ratio: newly originated and acquired

The following table provides a summary of the company's average LTV ratio for newly originated and acquired uninsured residential mortgages and HELOCs by geographic regions.

		June 30, 2018		
	Residential Mortgages %	HELOCs %	Total %	
	70	70	70	
Canada (1)				
Atlantic	55.62	-	55.62	
British Columbia	66.73	-	66.73	
Prairies & Territories	67.69	-	67.69	
Quebec	-	-	-	
Ontario	68.88	-	68.88	
Total	68.47	-	68.47	

⁽¹⁾ The province represents the location of the property in Canada. There are no foreign operations.

